

INNOVATIONS IN FERRY TECHNOLOGY

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Innovations – Presentation Content

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INNOVATIONS IN FERRY TECHNOLOGY

Industrial Innovations – a Shipbuilder's Perspective

- Energy Sources – Realistic Fuel Alternatives
 - “Post LNG” Sources with Applicable High Energy Density
 - Environmental True Footprint
- Power Management in Autonomous Ships
 - Reliability with Sensors, Multiplied Control Units and Software
- Integration of Complex Systems – Big Data enter Ferries
 - Lack of Interface Standards or too many Protocols ?
 - Open source Interfaces – a Way to prevent dictated Monopoly
- The Ferries are becoming DATA PLATFORMS
 - Do we need an “fOS” – **ferry** Operating System

Trends

In shipping

IMO MEPC

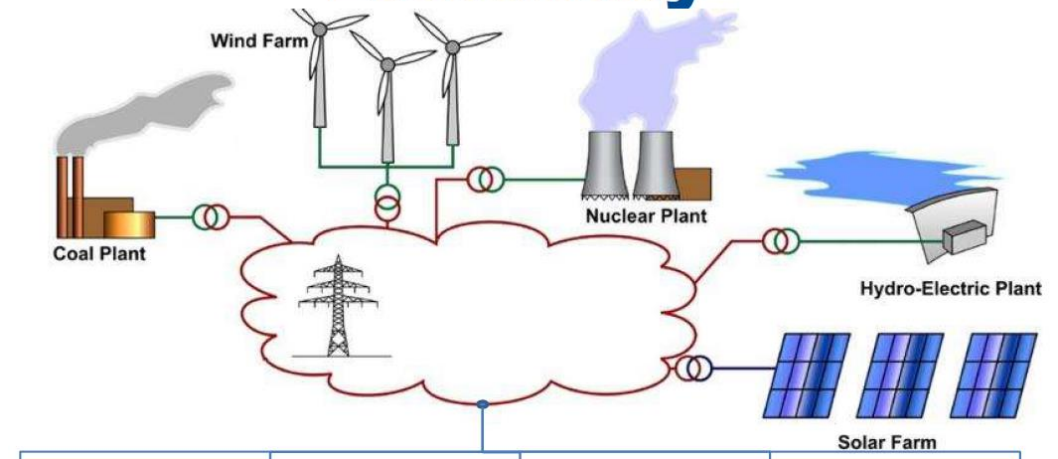
To cut greenhouse gases from shipping 50% by 2050

Global trends:

- Efficiency
- Electrification
- Natural gas



Electricity



Courtesy of Tomas Aminoff, Elomatic

Newbuilding 6002 for Kvarken Link – State of the Art



TECHNOLOGY

- Dual Fuel with LNG as primary energy source
 - Possibility to use bio-LNG
- Electric Propulsion Drive with Azimuth Thruster Units
- Battery Power for Port entry/departure, Peak Shaving, Hotel Load and Boost Power
- Energy recovery and Environmental footprint in focus
- Ice Class 1A Super
- Passenger and Crew Comfort

MAIN DIMENSIONS

Loa	150.0 m
Lwl	137.8 m
Beam mld.	26.0 m
Draught, Design	6.10 m
Gross Tonnage, about	24 300
Deadweight, Design abt.	3 500 t
Max. persons onboard (LSA)	1 000

CAPACITIES

Passengers	800
Lane metres	1500
Cabins	68
Speed	20 kn
Public Decks	2 (Restaurants, Business Lounge, Family Cafeteria, Shop, Conference)
Route:	Vasa - Umeå Bothnian Corridor Service

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References

- More than 30 Large Rauma Ferries since 1993
 - Front End Technology for Reliable Operation
- Supporting Special Vessels' Programme
 - Technology Development
 - Sensor and Data Processing Technique for Automation, Control and Operation

World's First
SOLAS 2009 + SA Ferry



2008

5th Baltic Cruise Ferry for Tallink



2009

World's First SRtP Ferry



2011 and 2012

MGO, PTO/PTI Hybrid



2018

Full Scale Sensor Technology



2012

LBG/Electric + Batteries, 1A Super,
SOLAS 2020 + SA – CLEAN DESIGN



2021

LNG/Electric, DATA Platform



2022

DE, Battery + Fuel Cell



2018

LNG Hybrid Drive



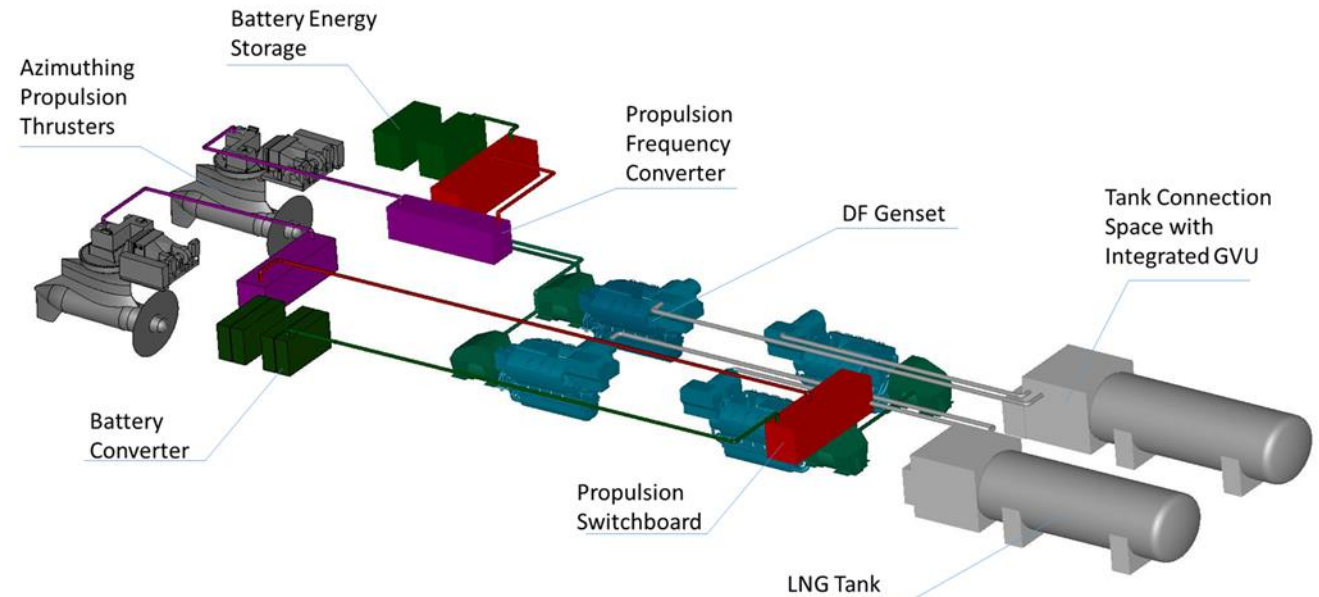
2014

New Technology

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Technology – State of the Art

- How to Create Stability in a Rapid Development
 - Which is Accelerating
 - Boosted by the Aim to Create Autonomous Ships
- Digitalisation equal to “get the Wit out of the Iron”
 - Can we reach a Total Control
- Naval Architecture in the Driver’s Seat
 - Only Way to Manage this Complex Whole
- Urgent Need for Simulation
 - Verification of the Data Platform
 - Independent for Ship’s All Functionalities and Control
 - Required before Testing and Commissioning



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Energy Sources & Fuel Alternatives:

- Battery storage
- LNG / LBG
- Biodiesel
- Fuel Cell
- Renewable energy sources
- Waste heat energy

Power Generation:

- Electrical propulsion
- Mechanical propulsion
- Shaft Generation PTO/PTI

Energy Efficiency:

- Optimized hull shape
- Minimize waste energy (heat & losses)
- Optimum machinery layout
- Total energy consumption
 - Manoeuvring, sailing,
 - Hotel & harbour stand-by

Integrated Automation & Navigation System:

- Power management system
- System complexity
- Operation optimisation
- Smart maintenance schedule



INNOVATIONS IN FERRY TECHNOLOGY

Integrated Automation and Navigation Systems

Automation System:

- Monitoring & Control Ship Equipment/Systems
- On-board Energy Optimisation
- Automatic Systems
- Autonomous Operations
- Automatic Reporting

Radars & Sensors:

- Navigation Data
- Auto Pilot – Dynamic Positioning
- E-Navigation
- Weather data – Traffic data

Bridge:

- On-board Decision Centre
- Navigation & Piloting
- Situation Awareness
- Collision Avoidance
- Safety Centre

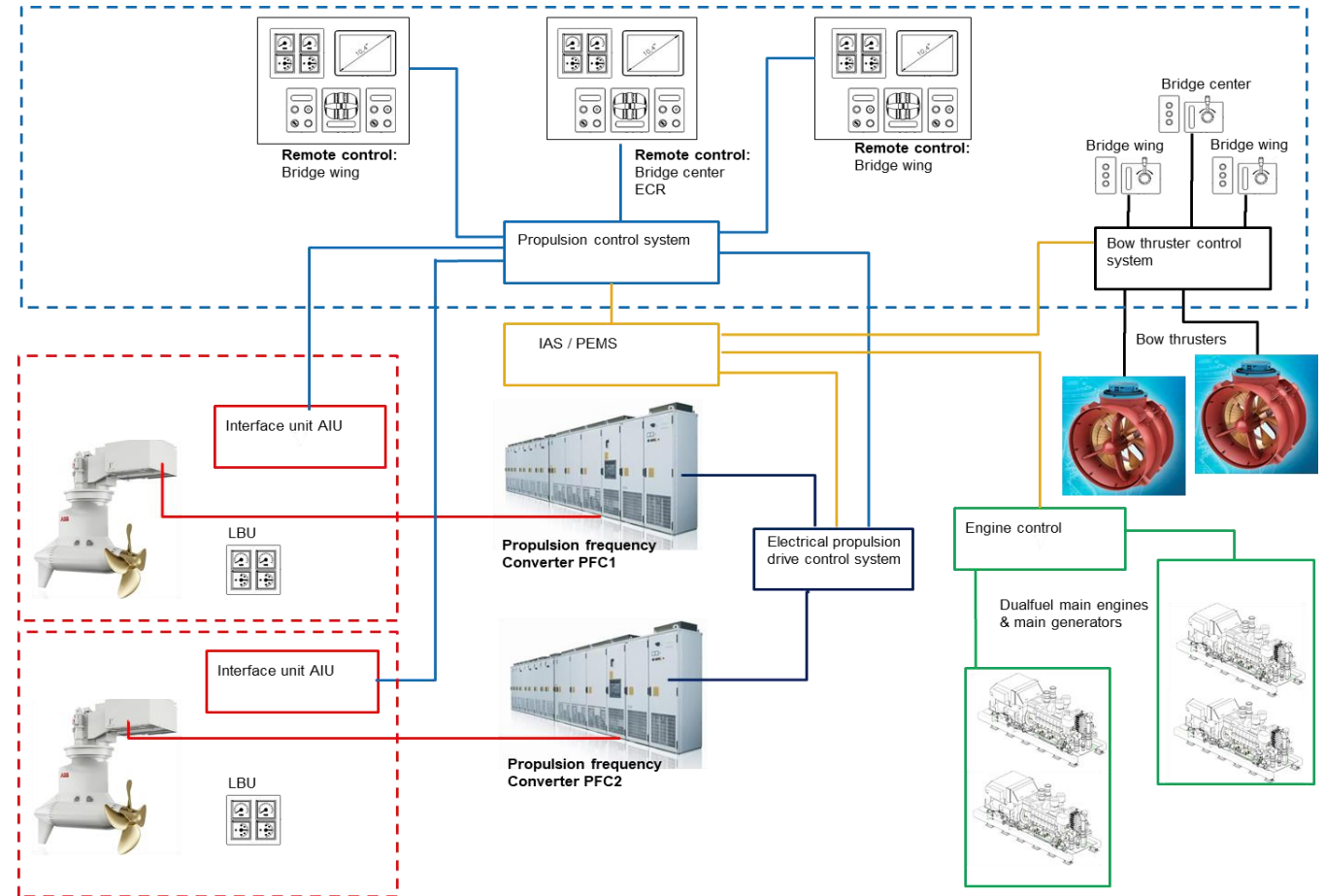


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Interface Testing and System Simulation

PROCESS

- Identify system interfaces
- Gather control software (or hardware controllers, interface units etc.) with open interfaces from suppliers
- Assemble complete control systems (e.g. propulsion) in a simulation environment in cooperation with system suppliers.
- Create models to simulate physical components (batteries, propulsors, etc.)

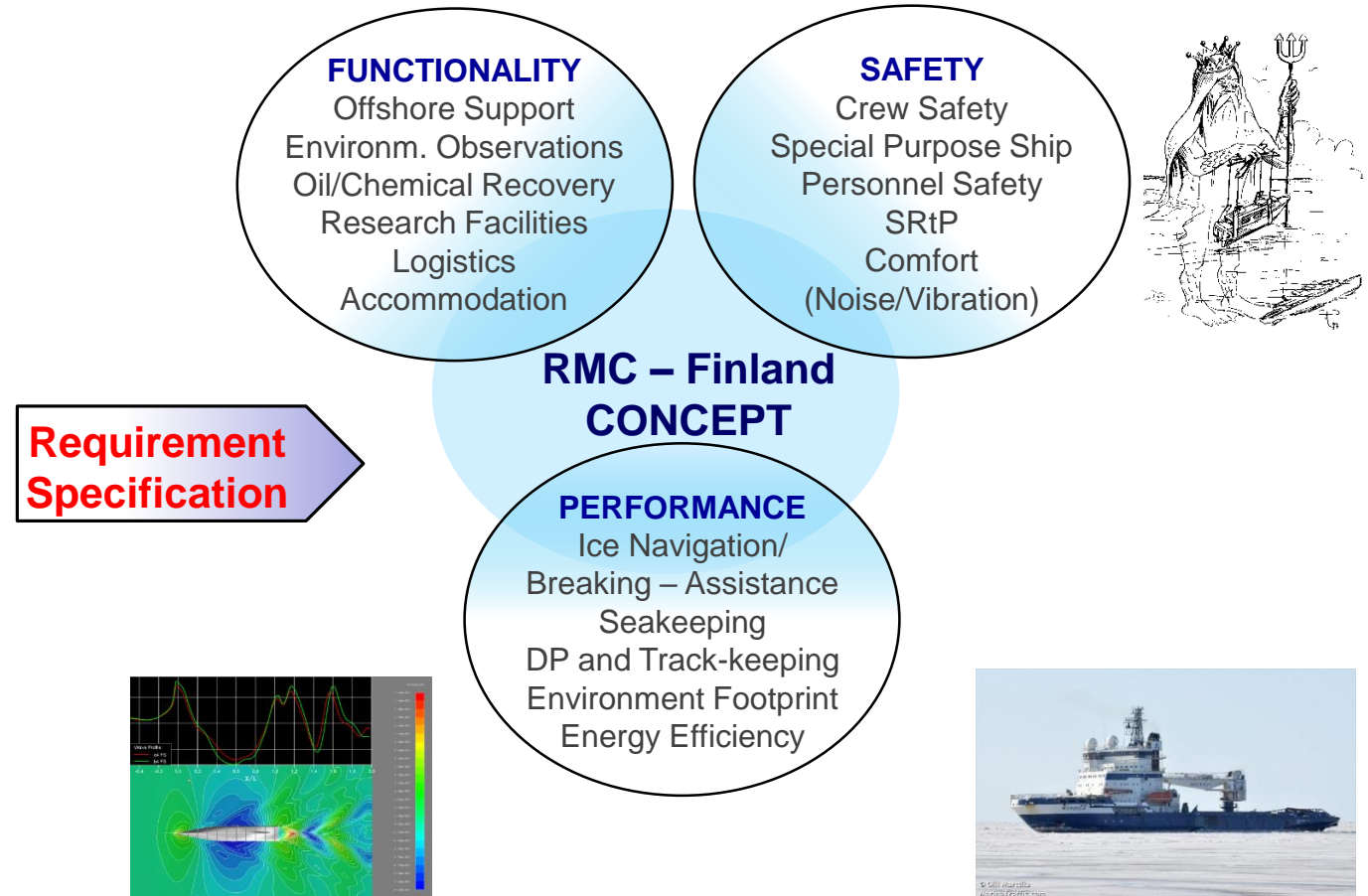


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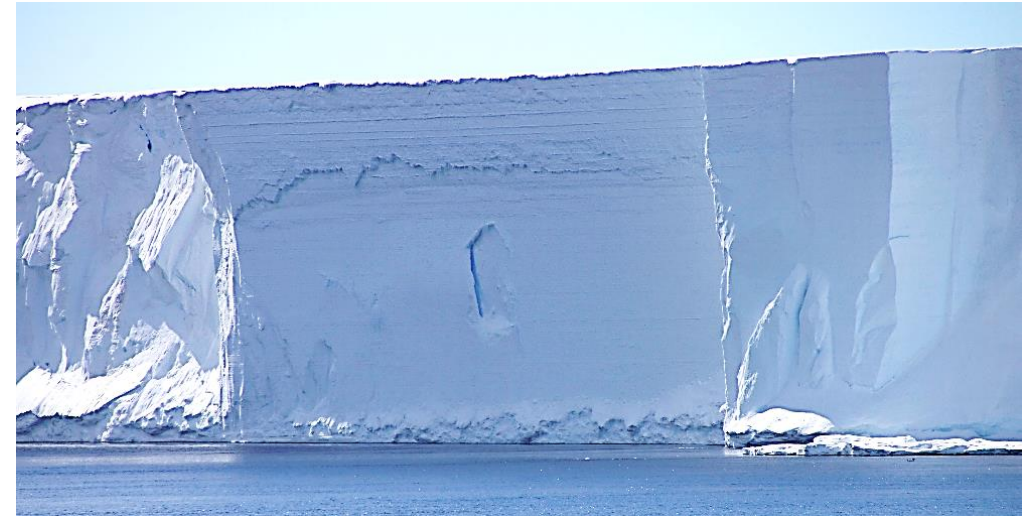
Introduction – Design Approach

TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION INTERACTION

- Mission based design – task for innovative functionality solutions
- Solve Customers' problems and challenges
- Mathematic modelling of complex physical phenomena
- Decisions based on understanding, which comes only through experience
- Cutting-edge technology in combination with a broad polytechnic understanding



INNOVATIONS IN FERRY TECHNOLOGY



Intelligent Shipbuilding Technology – Conclusions

- Increased automation in modern ships have created new weak points in the overall performance of the ships
 - increased instability in integration due to software mal functions
- Autonomous ships' R&D-efforts will give a higher reliability of components and sub systems
 - by extension an increased safety
- Mission based development of future ships will ensure deeper technology understanding
 - theoretical knowledge supported with experience and deep understanding
- Talent and well educated people will contribute to keep continuity in the shipping value chain
 - a guarantee for the sustainability – education – research – development – shipbuilding – operation
- Legislation constraints and guidance integrates the Authorities into the business development